

Sanctification

- The root word is “holy,” with a different ending that adds the idea of an official pronouncement of dedication.
- In the Old Testament, all the things of God were “sanctified.”

How are We Sanctified?

- By the Spirit (2 Thessalonians 2:13, 1 Peter 1:2, Romans 15:16)
- By faith (Acts 26:18)
- By Jesus (Hebrews 2:11, 10:10, 10:14, 10:29)
- By God (1 Thessalonians 5:23, Jude 1)
- In Christ (1 Corinthians 1:2)
- In the name of the Lord (1 Corinthians 6:11)
- In truth (John 17:15 – 21)

Results of Sanctification

- Inheritance by those who are (Acts 20:32)
- Our bodies (1 Thessalonians 4:3 – 4, 7, 2 Timothy 2:21, Romans 6:19, 22)
- Worldly things (1 Timothy 4:5)
- Unbelieving spouse (1 Corinthians 7:14)
- Clean conscience (Hebrews 9:13 – 14)
- Jesus sanctifies the church (Ephesians 5:23, Hebrews 13:12)
- Sanctify Christ as Lord (1 Peter 3:15)
- Sanctification required (Hebrews 12:14)

Sanctification

- If a person is sanctified, what limits are implied in regard to conduct?
- What regulations of sanctified things in the Old Testament would transfer to a sanctified Christian?
- Can a sanctified person do ordinary things?